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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/814,151	04/01/2004	Insoo Kim	TK-0001	7359
34610 7.	590 06/20/2006		EXAM	NER
FLESHNER & KIM, LLP			WYSZOMIERSKI, GEORGE P	
P.O. BOX 221200 CHANTILLY, VA 20153			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1742	
			DATE MAILED: 06/20/2006	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/814,151	KIM ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	George P. Wyszomierski	1742
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (136(a). In no event, however, may a red will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matt	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,10-12,14,17-20 and 22-25</u> is/are 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-9, 13,15,16 and 21</u> is/are objected 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration. e rejected. l to.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and acceptable and the correct and the co	cepted or b) objected to educate or b) objec	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. nts have been received in A ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	iummary (PTO-413) i)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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Claim Interpretation

1. The independent claim states that one forms "nanosized metal particles".

However, it is noted that dependent claims 24 and 25 indicate that the average diameter of these particles may be as high as 1,000 nm, which is higher than what many persons in the art consider to be nanosized particles. The claims will be given their broadest reasonable interpretation, and will be construed as encompassing processes which

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

result in particles having a diameter at least as high as 1000 nm.

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-5, 10-12, 14, 20 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Chinese Patent 1480584 A.

The English translation of CN '584 discloses mixing various bases including sodium hydroxide in a silver nitrate solution, mixing a second solution containing ethanol as a solvent, and combining the two solutions, followed by an oxidizing step using hydrogen peroxide, to prepare a material containing silver nanoparticles. With respect to claim 14, it is considered inherent that the solvent contains either no surfactant or at least one surfactant. Thus, the claimed invention is held to be fully met by the disclosure of Chinese 1480584 A.

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 2, 6, 17-19, 22, 24 and 25 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Chinese patent 1480584 A.

The '584 translation does not specify the ratio of silver nitrate to solvent as set forth in claim 2, the specific solvents of claim 6, the temperature of claims 17 and 18, the separation step of claim 19, the two-step procedure of adding peroxide as set forth in claim 22, or the particle diameters of claims 24 and 25. However,

- a) The ratio defined in claim 2 is a very broad range with the high end being greater than the low end by greater than a factor of 100; it is thus highly likely that any practical application of the '584 process would employ a ratio within the presently claimed limits.
- b) China '584 employs alcohol generically as a solvent. It is axiomatic that one of skill in the at would choose to use one of the most readily available alcohols, such as methanol or ethanol, for this purpose in the '584 process.
- c) With regard to temperature, it is a basic chemical principle that chemical reactions proceed at a faster rate at higher temperatures.
- d) The '584 process is directed to obtaining nano-sized materials, and one skilled in the art would have employed a means such as filtration to separate the desired products from spent solvent and other undesired materials.
- e) With regard to adding peroxide, such a step would not be instantaneous, but rather would involve adding peroxide over at least a brief period of time. This period of time can be broken down into two or more smaller time periods, during each of which some peroxide is added.

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f) With regard to particle diameter, both the prior art and the clamed invention preferably produce silver particles by similar processes. It is thus a reasonable assumption that the diameters of the particles formed in the respective processes would be the same in either instance.

Thus, the Chinese '584 disclosure is held to create a prima facie case of obviousness of the presently claimed invention.

- 6. Claims 7-9, 13, 15, 16 and 21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art does not disclose or suggest a process as claimed and which includes the use of toluene as recited in claim 7, the particular precipitates of claims 8 and 9, the particular compounds of claim 13, the bubbling of inert gas required by claims 15 and 16, or the sonicating of claim 21.
- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Wyszomierski whose telephone number is (571) 272-1252. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Eastern time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King, can be reached on (571) 272-1244. All patent application related correspondence transmitted by facsimile must be directed to the new central facsimile number, (571)-273-8300. This new Central FAX Number is the result of relocating the Central FAX server to the Office's Alexandria, Virginia campus.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

GPW June 15, 2006